GIS as a Tool for Emergency Management

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Who Is Here Today?

- GIS Managers / Staff?
- Emergency Managers?

Purpose

 Provide Background Information and Set the Stage for Today's Presentations

- Presentation Source:
 - OESRI White Paper: GIS for Emergency Management, 1999
 - Chesapeake's Experience

What is GIS?

Definition:

- OAn organized collection of computer hardware, software, (geographic) data, and personnel designed to efficiently capture, store, update, manipulate, analyze, and display all forms of geographically referenced information. ESRI
- Way to visualize tabular information

What is Emergency Management?

Definition:

Organized Analysis, Decision-Making, and Assignment of available resources to mitigate, prepare for, respond to and recover from the effects of ALL hazards

Goals:

- Save Lives
- Prevent Injury
- Protect Property & Environment



Five Phases of Emergency Management

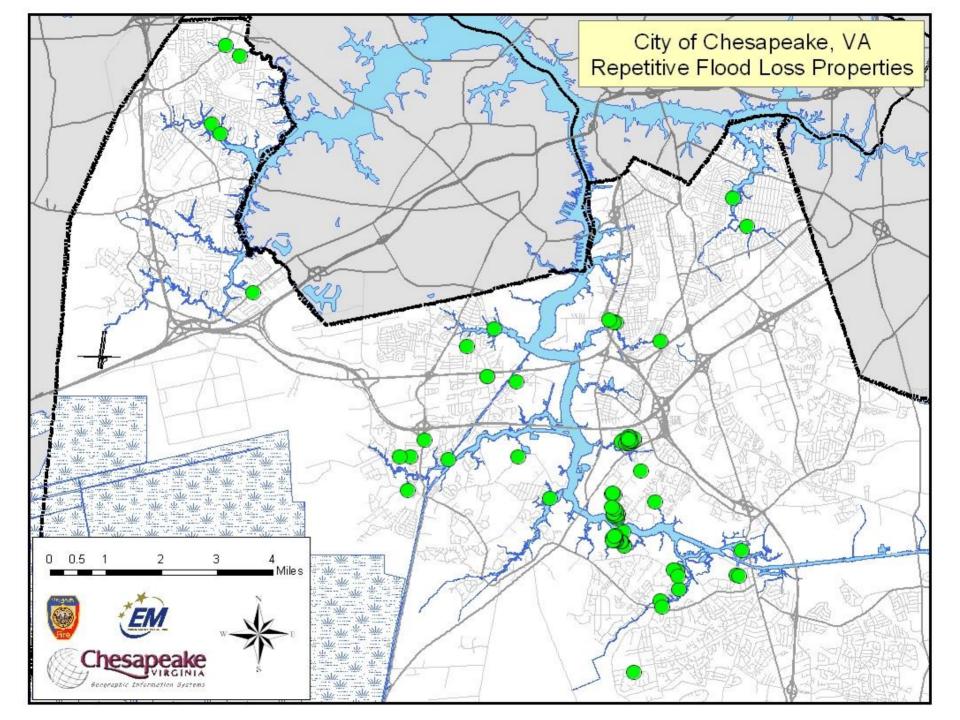
- Mitigation Taking sustained action to reduce or eliminate long-term risk to people and property from hazards and their effects
- Prevention Actions taken to avoid an incident or to intervene and stop an incident from occurring
- Preparedness Plans and preparations made to save lives and facilitate response and recovery operations

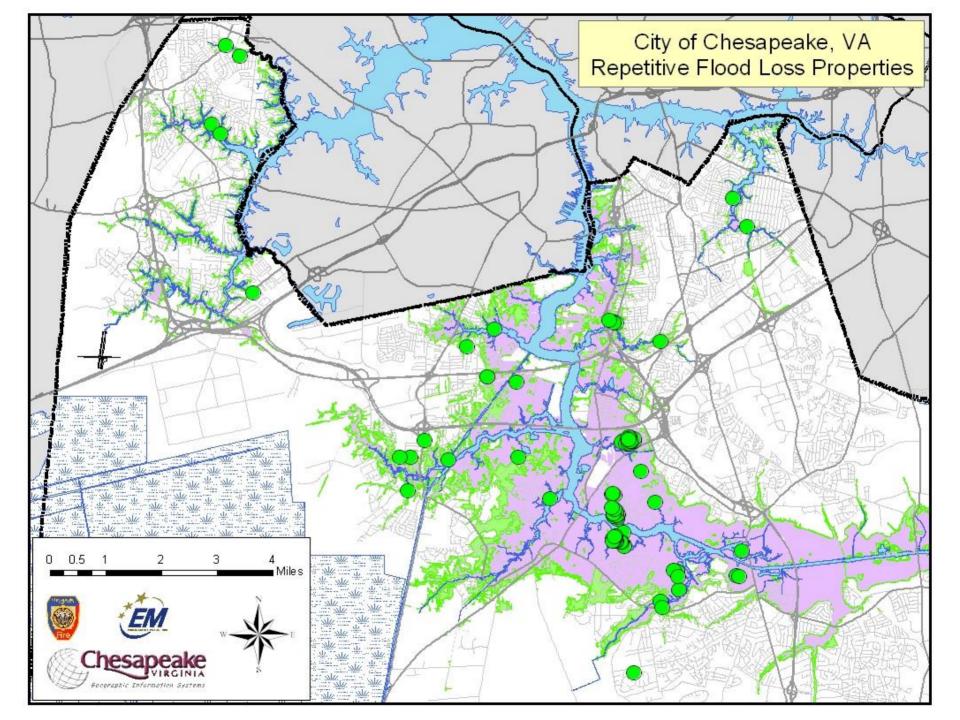
Five Phases of Emergency Management

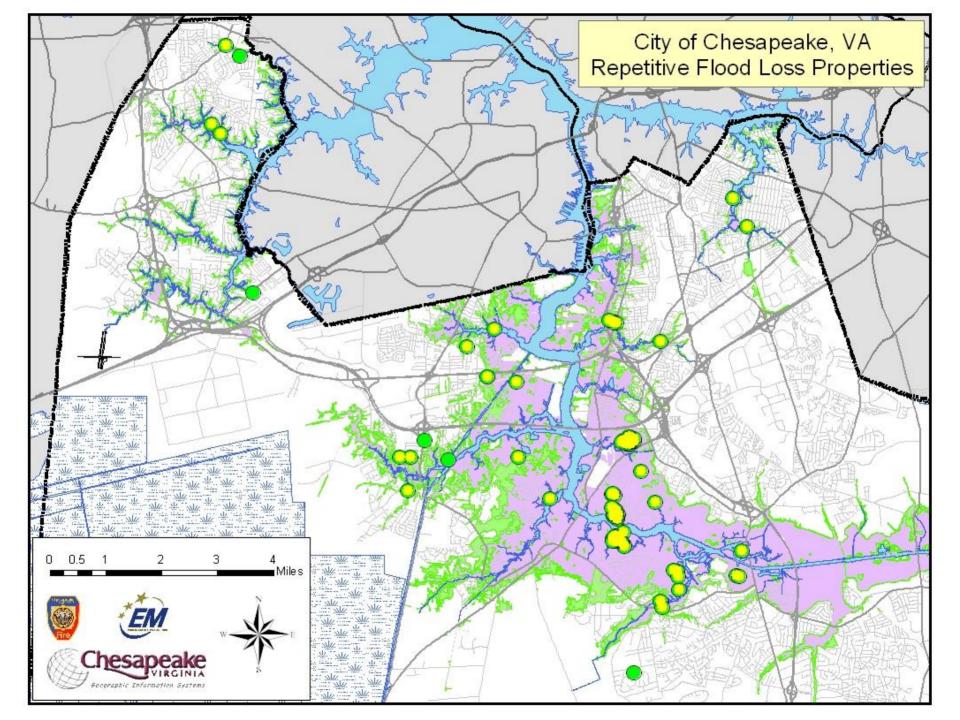
- Response Begins when an emergency event is imminent or immediately after an event occurs
- Recovery Rebuilding communities so that individuals, businesses, and governments can function on their own, return to normal life and protect against future hazards

- ALL phases depend on data from a variety of sources
- Data CRITICAL in the Response Phase

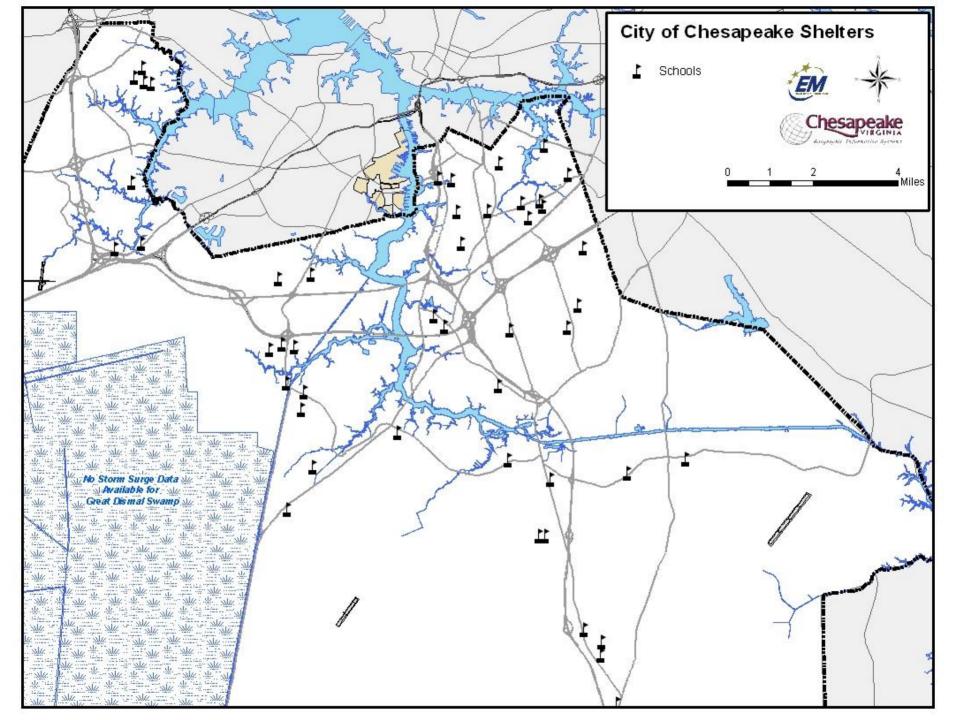
- Mitigation & Preparedness
 - Identify Repetitive Flood Loss Properties

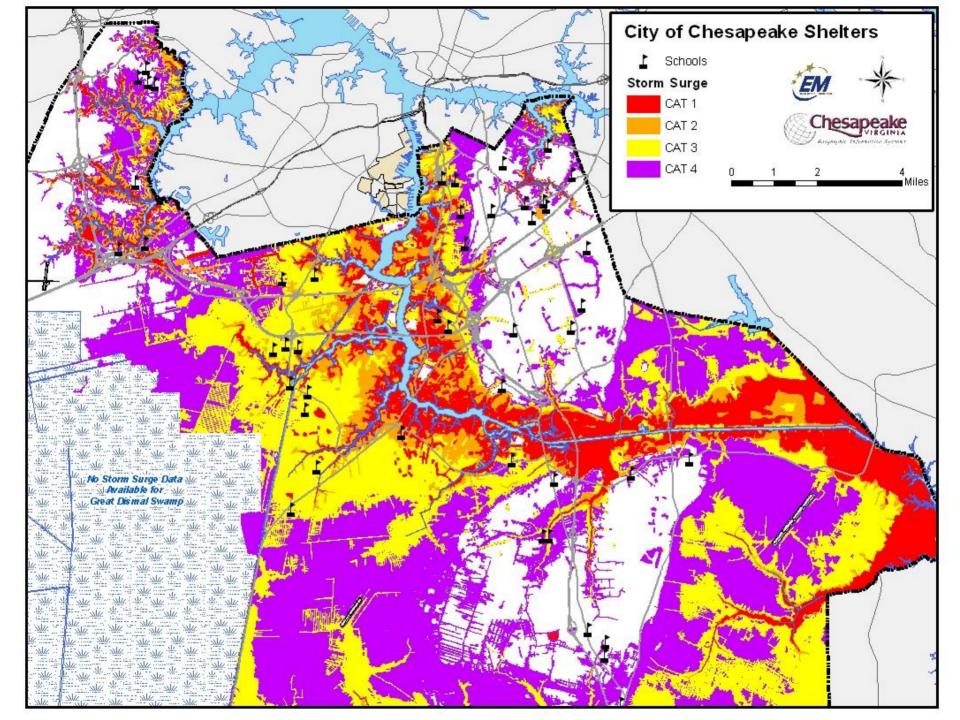


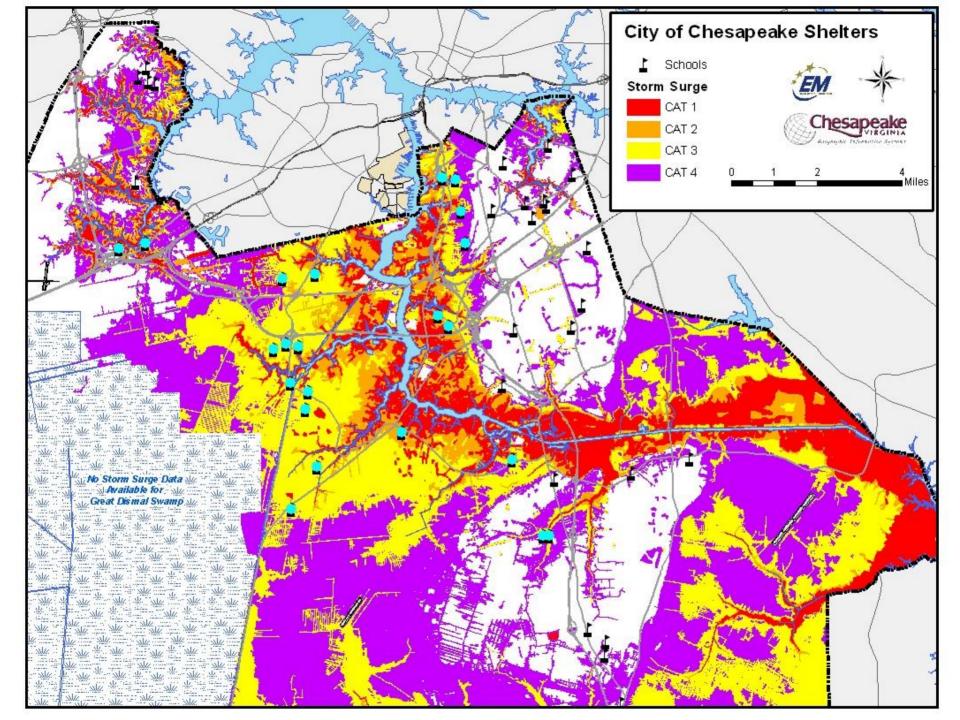


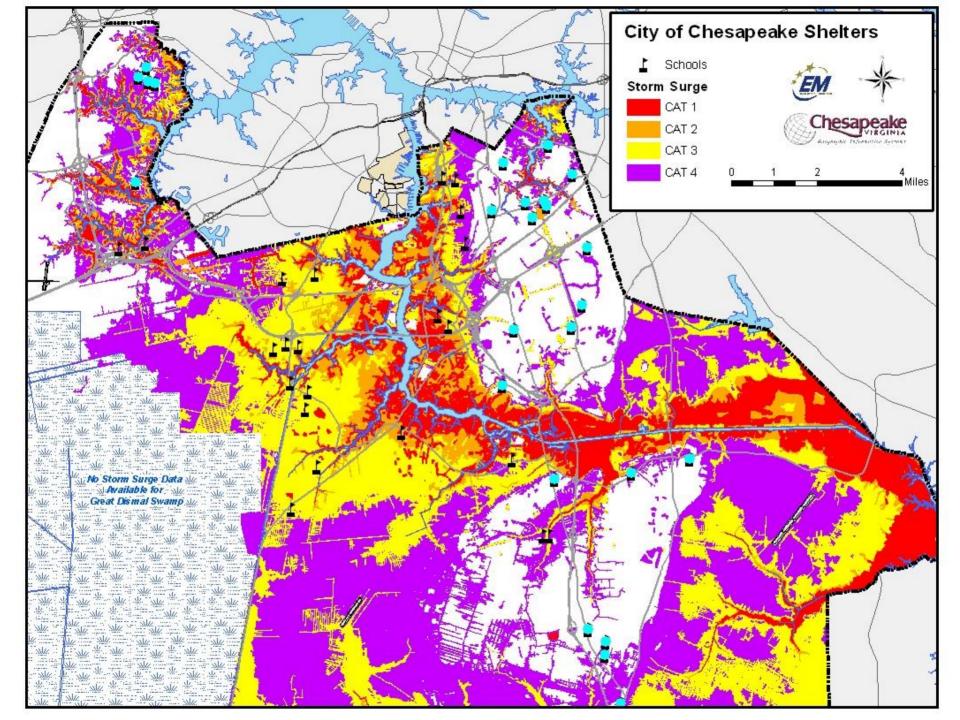


Preparedness / Planning

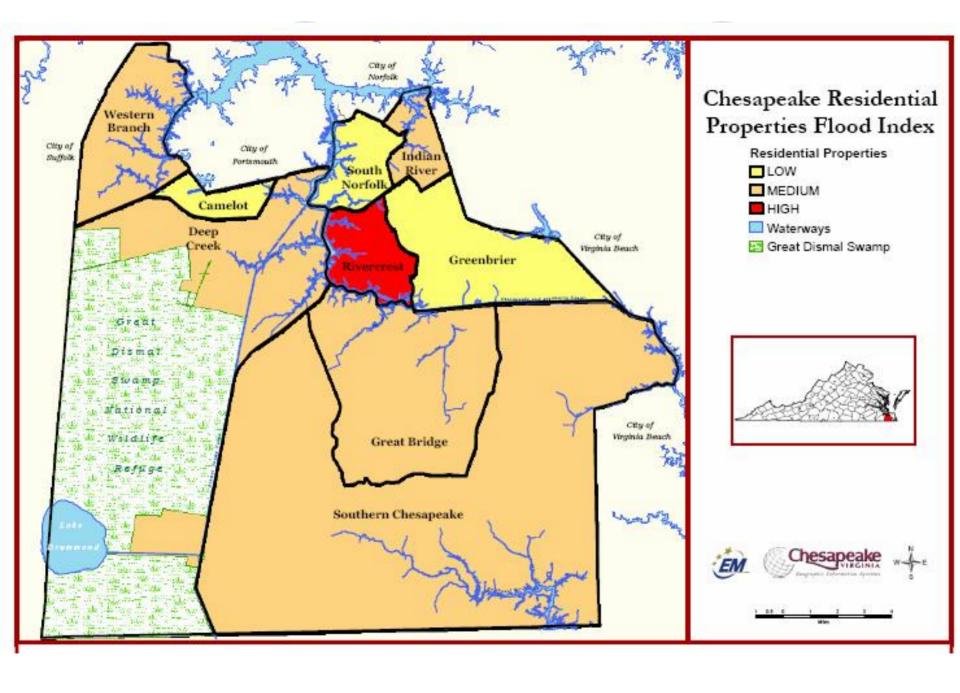




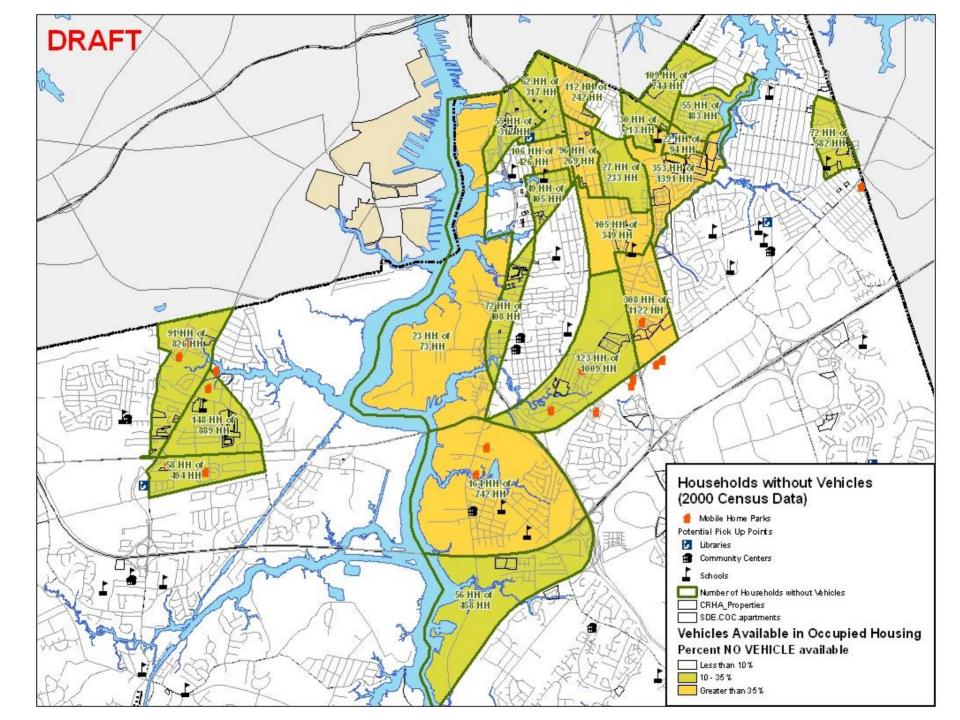




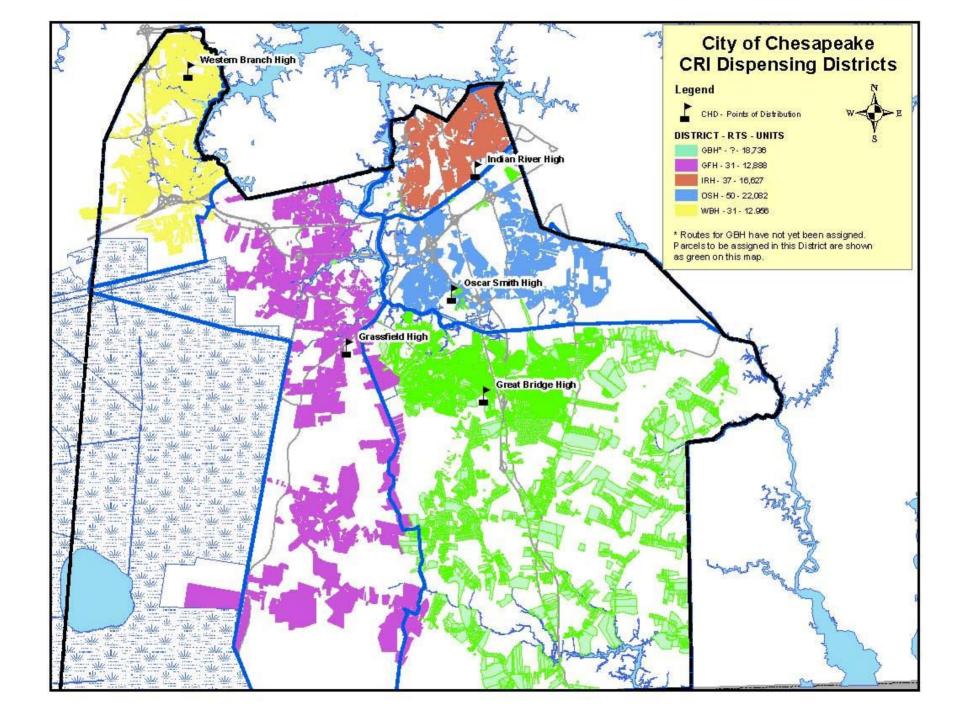
- Mitigation / Planning
 - Natural Event Mitigation Plan Update
 - Determine Flood Vulnerability



- Planning for Response
 - Evacuation of those without transportation
 - ODetermine closest City Facilities to be used as "Pick up Points"
 - Planning still in draft form



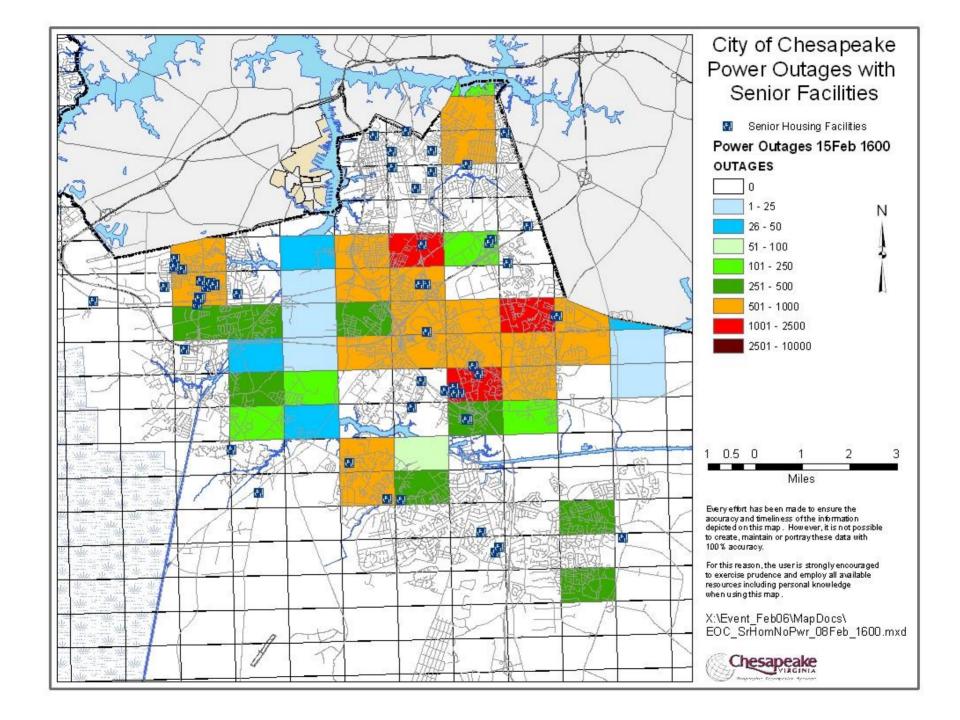
- Planning for Response
 - Chesapeake Health Department with mapping for Cities Readiness Initiative

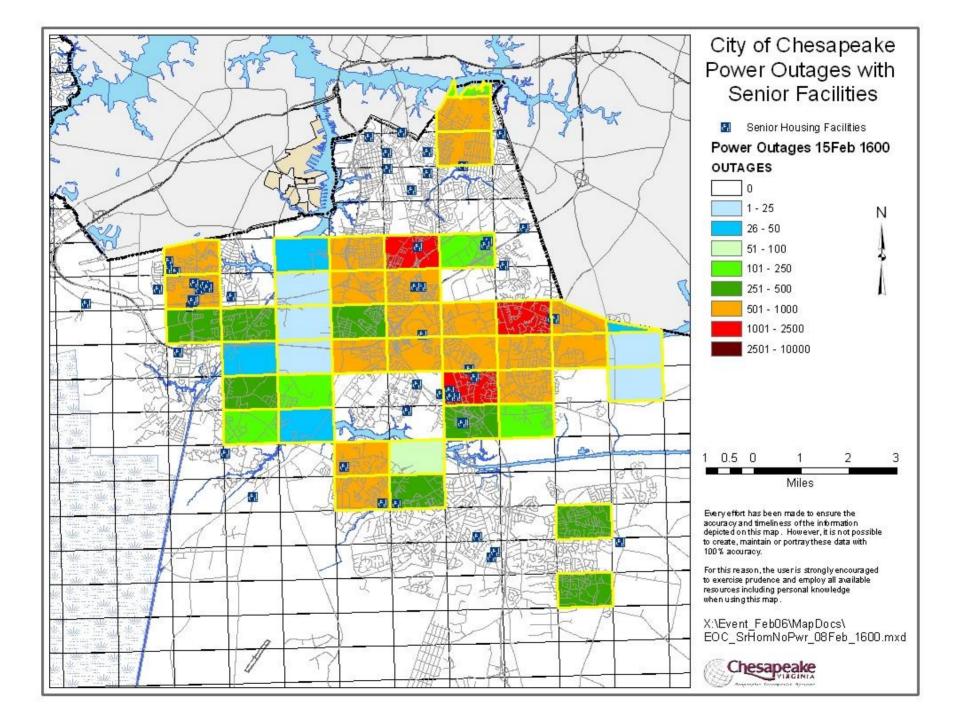


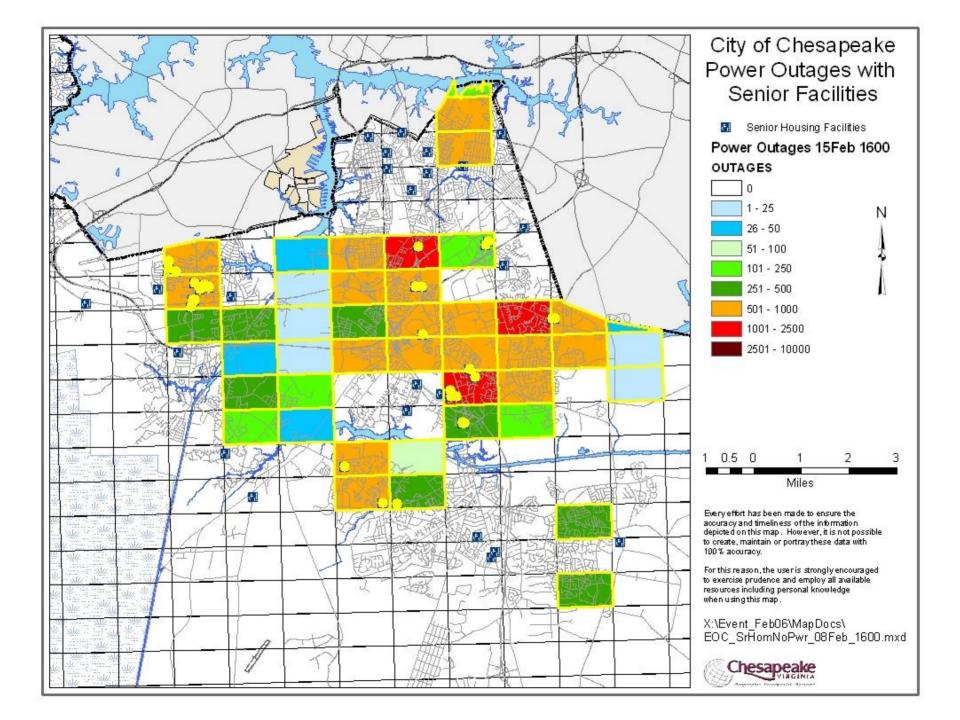
- Response
 - Mapping Flood Areas

Nor'Easter – Nov 2006 Map Flood Areas Flooding From Remnants of Tropical Storm Alberto ReportedFlooding TreeDown X:\Event_Alberto\MXD\EOC_Alberto.mxd Chesapeake **Tropical Storm Ernesto**

- Short Term Recovery
 - Overlay Power Outages with Facilities







- Summary
 - GIS allows needs to be identified prior to an incident
 - GIS information can be used in training as well as real-life
 - GIS can take some of the surprise out of emergencies